



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

December 19, 2022

Matthew Graneto
Senior Regulatory Manager
Bayer CropScience
800 N. Lindbergh Blvd.
St. Louis, MO 63167

Subject: Registration Review Label Amendments Incorporating Mitigation Measures from the Interim Decisions for Bromoxynil, Fluroxypyr, and Pyrasulfotole and the National Marine Fisheries Services' (NMFS) Biological Opinion on the Effects of Bromoxynil on Pacific Salmonids
Product Name: HUSKIE FX HERBICIDE
EPA Registration Number: 264-1208
Application Dates: 8/26/2021, 9/8/2021, and 12/1/2021
Decision Numbers: 578095, 578353, and 580459

Dear Matthew Graneto:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Bromoxynil, Fluroxypyr, and Pyrasulfotole Interim Decisions. The Agency has concluded that your submission is acceptable.

This letter also addresses the label mitigation resulting from the NMFS' Biological Opinion on the effects of Bromoxynil on Pacific salmonids. The Agency has concluded that your submission is also acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Quinn Gavin at gavin.quinn@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Linda Arrington", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Linda Arrington, Branch Chief
Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4
Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

PYRASULFOTOLE	GROUP	27	HERBICIDE
BROMOXYNIL	GROUP	6	HERBICIDE
FLUROXYPYR	GROUP	4	HERBICIDE

HUSKIE FX[®] HERBICIDE

For control of broadleaf weeds in barley, oats, rye, triticale, wheat, grain and forage sorghum, grasses grown for seed, forage or hay, and on Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S):

Pyrasulfotole	2.70%
Bromoxynil Octanoate	11.02%
Bromoxynil Heptanoate	10.66%
Fluroxypyr	9.02%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>66.60%</u>
TOTAL:	100.00%

Contains 0.26 pound Pyrasulfotole, 1.44 pounds Bromoxynil and 0.6 pound Fluroxypyr acid equivalent per gallon. Contains petroleum distillate.

EPA Reg. No. 264-1208

EPA Est.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING
AVISO**

*Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)*

**For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-334-7577
For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)**

Please refer to [back panel] [booklet] for additional precautionary statements and directions for use. [Note to reviewer: Location of additional precautionary statements and directions for use will vary between those listed, depending on container type/size.]

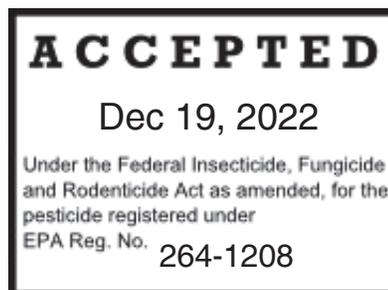
[Note to reviewer: Location of additional precautionary statements, directions for use will vary between those listed, depending on container type/size.]

Net Contents:

PRODUCED FOR



**Bayer CropScience LP
800 N. Lindbergh Blvd.
St. Louis, MO 63167
1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)**



FIRST AID

If on Skin or Clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in Eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If Swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have the person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
In case of emergency, call the toll-free Bayer CropScience Emergency Response telephone number: 1-800-334-7577.	
Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
Note to Physician: Contains petroleum distillate. Vomitting may cause aspiration pneumonia.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

May be fatal if absorbed through skin.

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury.

Causes skin irritation.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Harmful if swallowed.

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Protective eyewear
- Coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Socks and chemical-resistant footwear
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing, loading or cleaning equipment
- Chemical-resistant headgear
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber >14 mils, nitrile rubber >14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

To reduce exposure to residue, wash the spray rig, tractor, and all other equipment used to handle or apply this product with water daily or before using the equipment for any other uses.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Handlers must use closed mixing loading systems during mixing/loading liquids for aerial applications to fallow land and high-acreage field crops. When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate any body of water and do not apply when or where conditions could favor runoff. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment wash waters or rinsate. Do not allow sprays to drift onto desirable plants. Drift or runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms and non-target plants.

SURFACE WATER ADVISORY

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a medium potential for reaching both surface water and aquatic sediment via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of pyrasulfotole from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

GROUND WATER ADVISORY

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Users are advised not to apply pyrasulfotole where soils have a rapid to very rapid permeability (such as loamy sand to sand) and the water table of an underlying aquifer is shallow or to soils containing sinkholes over limestone bedrock, severely fractured surfaces, and substrates which would allow direct introduction into an aquifer. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

REPORTING ECOLOGICAL INCIDENTS

To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call [1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937)].

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Endangered Species Protection Requirements: It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in an unauthorized "take" (e.g., kill or otherwise harm) of an endangered species and certain threatened species, under the Endangered Species Act section 9. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the area in which you are applying the product. You must obtain a Bulletin no earlier than six months before using this product. To obtain Bulletins, consult <http://www.epa.gov/espp/>, call 1-844-447-3813, or email ESPP@epa.gov. You must use the Bulletin valid for the month in which you will apply the product.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 2 days for grass and 24 hours for all other applications.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- socks
- chemical resistant footwear
- chemical resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber >14 mils, nitrile rubber >14 mils, or Viton >14 mils
- protective eye wear

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Huskie® FX Herbicide is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of broadleaf weeds listed on this label in barley, oats, rye, triticale, and wheat (spring, durum, and winter), grain sorghum (grown for grain and forage), in grasses grown for seed, forage or hay, and on CRP land.

Huskie FX Herbicide is primarily absorbed through plant foliage and rapidly inhibits photosynthesis and pigment synthesis, causing death in susceptible weeds. Best results are obtained when application is made to young, actively growing broadleaf weeds. Thorough spray coverage is important.

IMPORTANT PRODUCT RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply this product using backpack or any other type of handheld application equipment.
- DO NOT apply this product to golf course turf.
- DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- DO NOT contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes.
- DO NOT apply this product aerially in sorghum, grasses grown for seed, forage or hay, or on CRP land.
- This product is persistent and can be present in plant materials for more than 30 days after application. Do not use treated plant material or manure from animals that have grazed or consumed forage from areas treated with this product for compost, mulch, or mushroom spawn for 30 days after application.

- Animals that have been fed Fluroxypyr treated forage must be fed forage free of Fluroxypyr for at least 3 days before they are moved off the treated property.

Read this entire label before using. Follow the specific use directions and additional restrictions listed in the sections that follow.

MAXIMUM APPLICATION RATES

Application rates of Huskie FX herbicide are given throughout this label in units of fluid ounces of product per acre. However, application rates of each active ingredient contained in this product are defined in units of pounds of active ingredient per acre. The maximum total application rates allowed for each active ingredient contained in Huskie FX Herbicide per year are listed in the table below.

Active Ingredient	Maximum Allowable Total Application Rate in Pounds Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Year
Pyrasulfotole	0.037 (Cereal Grains) 0.073 (Grasses/CRP) 0.077 (Grain Sorghum)
Bromoxynil	0.50 (Barley, Oats, Rye, Wheat, All Grass Crops)
Fluroxypyr ¹	0.24

¹ Maximum total application rate of fluroxypyr acid (acid equivalents) per acre per year.

These maximum application rates of each active ingredient apply to the use of this product or any other product containing these active ingredients, either individually or combined, and applied either in a tank-mix with this product or separately. The table below provides the amounts of each active ingredient applied at each application rate of Huskie FX herbicide listed on this label.

Huskie FX Herbicide also contains mefenpyr-diethyl at a concentration of 0.070 pounds per gallon. The maximum application rate of mefenpyr-diethyl per growing season is 0.053 pounds per acre.

Refer to these values if applying more than one product containing these ingredients to ensure not to exceed the maximum allowed for each in a single growing season.

Fluid Ounces Per Acre	Pounds of Active Ingredient Applied Per Acre		
Huskie FX Herbicide	Pyrasulfotole	Bromoxynil	Fluroxypyr ¹
13.5	0.027	0.15	0.064
15	0.030	0.17	0.071
16	0.033	0.18	0.075
18	0.037	0.20	0.085
19	0.039	0.21	0.090
36	0.073	0.41	0.17
38	0.077	0.43	0.18

¹ Application rate of fluroxypyr acid (acid equivalents) per acre.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Huskie FX Herbicide contains a Group 4-fluroxypyr, a Group 6-bromoxynil and a Group 27-pyrasulfotole herbicide. Any weed population could contain plants naturally resistant to Group 4-fluroxypyr, a Group 6-bromoxynil and a Group 27-pyrasulfotole herbicides. The resistant individuals could dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Huskie FX Herbicide or other Group 4-fluroxypyr, Group 6-bromoxynil and Group 27-pyrasulfotole herbicide within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group, if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Bayer CropScience at 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937). You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

CROP ROTATION

Huskie FX Herbicide breaks down in the soil mainly by microbial degradation. Under adverse conditions such as cold temperatures and drought conditions, degradation can be slowed.

Observe the intervals listed below for the minimum time between application of this product and planting of the crops indicated and follow the additional instructions provided, if applicable. For crops not listed here, conduct a small-scale field bioassay before planting into fields treated with Huskie FX Herbicide the previous season.

DO NOT plant any crop that is not included on this label for use with this product within 120 days following a Huskie FX Herbicide application.

Crop	Rotation Interval
Wheat, Barley, and Grain Sorghum	7 days
Fine fescue, Tall fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, Oats, Orchardgrass, Perennial ryegrass, Annual ryegrass, Rye, and Triticale	1 month
Alfalfa ¹ , Corn, Millet ² , and Soybeans	4 months
Canola, Canary seed, Chickpeas, Cotton ³ , Dry Beans, Flax, Field Peas ⁴ , Green Beans, Green Peas, Lentils ⁵ , Mustards, Onions ⁶ , Peanuts ³ , Potatoes, Safflower ² , Sunflowers, Sugar beets, Tobacco ⁷ , and Timothy.	9 months

¹ Thorough tillage prior to planting alfalfa and a minimum of 12 inches of rainfall or overhead, furrow or flood irrigation, or any combination of these water sources totaling 12 inches, is required between the time of Huskie FX Herbicide application and the time of alfalfa seeding, in addition to the 4-month rotation interval.

- ² Millet and Safflower: In Montana only, 8 inches of cumulative precipitation is required from the time of application of Huskie FX Herbicide before planting millet or safflower, in addition to the required rotation interval given in months.
- ³ Cotton and Peanuts: 15 inches of cumulative precipitation is required from application before planting cotton or peanuts, in addition to the required 9-month rotation interval. Do not include furrow or flood irrigation in the total and include no more than 7 inches of overhead irrigation should be included in total.
- ⁴ Field peas: 9 months for all states except 18 months in Montana.
- ⁵ Lentils: 9 months for all states except 18 months in Minnesota, Montana, North Dakota and South Dakota.
- ⁶ Onion plantback interval of 9 months is only allowed if the preceding crop is grown with supplemental irrigation and onions are also being grown under irrigated conditions.
- ⁷ Tobacco: 15 inches of cumulative precipitation is required from application before planting tobacco in addition to the required 9-month rotation interval.

Cover Crops

Use of cover crops as a means of soil improvement, erosion control, weed and/or insect suppression following harvest in the Fall is increasing. Planting of cover crops in fields treated with Huskie FX Herbicide is allowed as long as these cover crops are not grazed by livestock or harvested for food or feed. Cover crops must be tilled under or chemically controlled with burndown herbicides in the spring. Many cover crops may be planted within 90-120 days after application of this herbicide. However, all potential cover crops have not been evaluated for tolerance to Huskie FX Herbicide and significant injury could occur. Prior to seeding a cover crop in fields previously treated with this herbicide, complete a successful small scale bioassay to provide an indication of the level of tolerance. Refer to the Small Scale Field Bioassay instructions below.

Small Scale Field Bioassay

To avoid potential crop injury, a field bioassay must be conducted before planting crops not listed on this label into fields previously treated with this product. To conduct a field bioassay, plant strips of the crop you want to grow in the field treated with Huskie FX Herbicide the previous season before planting the entire field. Monitor the crop for any herbicidal response to determine if the crop can be grown safely.

PRODUCT MIXING

Huskie FX Herbicide is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate that mixes readily with water and is compatible with many commonly used tank-mix additives and pesticide products. It is the responsibility of the pesticide user to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank-mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Follow the guidelines in this section regarding the order of mixing spray solutions of this product.

Always predetermine the compatibility of all tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Equipment Cleaning Procedure

Apply Huskie FX Herbicide with clean and properly calibrated application equipment. Prior to adding Huskie FX Herbicide to the sprayer tank, ensure that the tank, filters and nozzles have been thoroughly cleaned according to the following procedure.

1. Drain the tank completely, and then wash out the tank, boom and hoses with clean water. Drain again.
2. Fill the tank half full with clean water and add ammonia (i.e., 3% domestic ammonia solution) at a dilution rate of 1% (i.e., 1 gallon of domestic ammonia for every 100 gallons of rinsate). Complete filling of the tank with water. Agitate and/or recirculate for a minimum of 10 minutes before flushing out through the boom and hoses. Drain tank completely.
3. Repeat step 2.
4. Remove nozzles and screens and soak them in a 1% ammonia solution. Inspect nozzles and screens and remove visible residues.
5. Flush tank, boom and hoses with clean water.
6. Inspect tank for visible residues. If present, repeat step 2.

Compatibility Testing

If Huskie FX Herbicide is to be tank mixed with other pesticides, compatibility should be tested prior to mixing. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1 quart), combining all ingredients in the same proportions as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility will usually appear within 15 minutes after mixing. Read and follow the label of each product added to the mixture.

Spray Additives

When Huskie FX Herbicide is applied alone in spring planted cereals, spray additives such as ammonium sulfate, nonionic surfactant, or urea ammonium nitrogen fertilizer may be added to the spray mixture to help improve weed control, especially under challenging growing conditions.

If Huskie FX Herbicide is applied in a tank mixture with other herbicides or pesticides, spray additives could cause unacceptable crop response. Adding additives to the spray tank when Huskie FX Herbicide is applied as a tank-mix is not recommended unless specifically directed on the label of the tank-mix product.

In winter wheat, the addition of spray additives to a spray tank with Huskie FX Herbicide will be dictated by the requirements of any herbicide tank-mix partner. Follow label of the tank-mix product regarding appropriate adjuvant requirements. Consult local your Bayer CropScience Representative or County Extension agent for additional information.

Ammonium Nitrogen Fertilizer – A spray grade quality ammonium sulfate fertilizer (21-0-0-24) added to the spray mixture at an application rate of 0.5 to 1 pound per acre is the preferred nitrogen source for optimal weed control with Huskie FX Herbicide. A spray grade quality urea ammonium nitrogen fertilizer (28-0-0 or 30-0-0 or 32-0-0) at 1 to 2 quarts per acre may also be added to the spray mixture.

Nonionic Surfactant (NIS) – Some tank mix options require the use of a nonionic surfactant. Use the amount of NIS recommended on the tank mix product label or at a concentration of 0.25 to 0.5% by volume (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution). At least 80% of the surfactant product must be active nonionic surfactant. Avoid products that do not accurately define their ingredients.

Nonionic Surfactant (NIS) + Ammonium Nitrogen Fertilizer (in water carrier solutions) – Use a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 0.25 to 0.5% by volume (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) with ammonium nitrogen fertilizer. Use a spray grade quality urea ammonium nitrogen fertilizer (28-0-0 or 30-0-0 or 32-0-0) at 1 to 2 quarts per acre or ammonium sulfate fertilizer (21-0-0-24) at 0.5 to 1 pounds per acre.

Application in Fluid Fertilizer (Winter Wheat Only) – Huskie FX Herbicide may be applied using a 20 to 32% liquid nitrogen solution as the spray carrier. For fall applications, the fertilizer solution should not exceed 50% liquid nitrogen and not exceed more than 30 pounds of actual nitrogen per acre. In WA, ID and OR, do not use more than 50% urea ammonium nitrogen fertilizer as a portion of the spray carrier at any application timing. A nonionic surfactant at a maximum concentration of 0.25% by volume (1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution) may be added to spray solutions containing liquid nitrogen. Due to the activity of fertilizer on the crop, temporary injury could result when liquid nitrogen is used as a spray carrier. Crop response symptoms due to the use of liquid nitrogen as the spray carrier include discoloration and leaf burn.

Tank Mixtures for Insect and Disease Control

Do not apply Huskie FX Herbicide in a tank mixture with products containing tebuconazole.

Do not apply Huskie FX Herbicide in grain sorghum in a tank mixture with products containing chlorpyrifos, as unacceptable crop response can occur.

Huskie FX Herbicide may be mixed with insecticides or fungicides not prohibited on this label, if those products are also labelled for use on the crops listed on this label and the application timing (crop stage) is the same as for the application of Huskie FX Herbicide.

Tank mix applications of herbicides with insecticides or fungicides can cause temporary yellowing, leaf burn and/or height reduction of the crop. Refer to the specific insecticide or fungicide label for use directions, application rates, restrictions and a list of insects and diseases controlled.

Tank Mixtures for Weed Control

Huskie FX Herbicide is a broad spectrum broadleaf herbicide. In certain weed control situations it can be advantageous to tank mix Huskie FX Herbicide with the herbicides listed on this label to provide expanded weed control. When tank-mixing, read and follow the precautionary statements, directions for use, weeds controlled, geographic, and other restrictions on the

labeling of each tank mix partner used. Ensure tank mix product is registered for the desired crop, and use in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions.

See the CROP SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS for specific tank-mix recommendations for each use of this product.

Tank-Mixing Procedure

Prepare spray mixtures of this product as follows:

1. Fill the spray tank $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ full with clean water, then add ammonium sulfate or urea ammonium nitrogen fertilizer, if desired, and begin agitation or bypass circulation.
2. Add the appropriate rate of Huskie FX Herbicide directly to the spray tank while continuing to maintain proper agitation.
3. Add additional pesticide products, if desired.
4. Add surfactant, if desired.
5. Fill the spray tank the rest of the way with water, up to the desired volume prepared.

Continue agitation during Huskie FX Herbicide application to ensure uniform spray coverage.

APPLICATION METHODS AND TECHNIQUES

This product may be broadly applied with ground boom application equipment for all uses listed on this label. Fixed-wing and rotary (helicopter) aerial application equipment may be used only for application of this product in barley, oats, rye, triticale and wheat.

DO NOT apply this product using backpack or any other handheld application equipment.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Thorough spray coverage is important for optimal weed control.

Best results are obtained when application of this product is made to young, actively growing weeds. Apply this product to control weeds before they become competitive with the crop being grown.

Broadleaf weeds listed on this label that have been injured or partially controlled by previous herbicide applications can be further controlled by this product provided good growing conditions exist. Do not apply this product for weed control in hot, dry conditions where weeds are not actively growing or where weeds are covered with dust.

Rainfall within 1 hour of application of this product can result in reduced weed control.

Use screens that are 50 mesh or larger on spray equipment.

Spray Drift Management

AVOID DRIFT. Huskie FX Herbicide is not volatile; however, damage to sensitive crops can occur as a result of spray drift. Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator.

DO NOT apply under circumstances where possible drift onto unprotected persons or food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption can occur.

DO NOT apply when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitats for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is high (e.g., when wind is blowing towards sensitive areas).

Mandatory Spray Drift Management

Aerial Applications

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a fine or coarser droplet size (ASABE S641).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 mph at the application site.
- The boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use $\frac{1}{2}$ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 mph at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

Importance Of Droplet Size

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

Boom Height - Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Boomless Ground Application

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective boom height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Release Height - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

Shielded Sprayers

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

Temperature And Humidity

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

Temperature Inversions

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Wind

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Boomless Ground Applications:

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications:

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

Ground Application Equipment

Properly calibrated ground application equipment may be used to apply Huskie FX Herbicide as a foliar spray on emerged target weeds. For optimum spray coverage and crop canopy penetration, select nozzles, nozzle spacing and a sprayer pressure that, as indicated by the manufacturer, deliver medium spray droplets in accordance with ASAE Standard S-572, such as 80-degree or 110-degree flat-fan nozzles. Nozzle types, nozzle spacing and spray pressures that produce coarse spray droplets might not provide adequate coverage to ensure optimum weed control. Do not apply this product using flood-jet nozzles or cone nozzles.

Avoid uneven spray distribution, skips, overlaps, and spray drift.

For best performance, do not exceed 10 miles per hour when using ground application equipment.

Aerial Application Equipment

This product may be applied using properly calibrated fixed-wing or rotary (helicopter) aerial application equipment only in barley, oats, rye, triticale and wheat. Apply this product at the appropriate application rate listed on this label, along with ammonium sulfate at a rate of 0.5 pound per acre, in a minimum spray volume of 5 gallons per acre, if crop canopy and weed density allow for adequate spray coverage. Application in less than 5 gallons of spray solution per acre using aerial application equipment could result in reduced weed control.

For optimum spray coverage and crop canopy penetration, select nozzles, nozzle spacing and a sprayer pressure that, as indicated by the manufacturer, deliver medium spray droplets in accordance with ASAE Standard S-572. Do not use raindrop nozzles.

Flagmen and loaders should avoid inhalation of spray mist and prolonged contact with skin.

RESTRICTIONS

- Mixers and loaders of aerial application equipment must use a closed transfer system with this product.
- Aerial application is prohibited within 300 feet of residential areas (e.g., homes, schools, playgrounds, shopping areas, hospitals, and other populated areas).

CROP SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

BARLEY – OATS – RYE – TRITICALE – WHEAT

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply 13.5 to 18 fluid ounces of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre postemergence to the cereal crops listed in this section from the fully expanded second true leaf stage of development up to flag leaf emergence. Do not apply less than 13.5 fluid ounces of this product per acre unless directed by a Bayer CropScience Representative.

For control of corn gromwell, kochia, and Russian thistle in winter wheat and winter barley, apply 18 fluid ounces of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre; expect only partial control if applied at lower rates.

Thorough coverage of target weeds is necessary to obtain good weed control.

Ground Application

Apply the appropriate rate of Huskie FX Herbicide in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre. For most consistent weed control or when making an application of this product under adverse growing conditions, add ammonium sulfate or an ammonium nitrogen fertilizer to the spray mixture as directed in the PRODUCT MIXING section of this label.

See the APPLICATION METHODS AND TECHNIQUES section of this label for additional application information and use restrictions.

Aerial Application

When making an application postemergence to cereal crops listed in this section using aerial equipment, apply the appropriate rate of Huskie FX Herbicide plus 0.5 pound of ammonium sulfate in a minimum spray volume of 5 gallons per acre, if crop canopy and weed density allow adequate spray coverage. Aerial applications using less than 5 gallons of spray volume per acre could result in reduced weed control.

Flagmen and loaders should avoid inhalation of spray mist and prolonged contact with skin.

See the APPLICATION METHODS AND TECHNIQUES section of this label for additional application information and use restrictions.

TANK MIXTURES

Huskie FX Herbicide may be tank-mixed with products containing one or more of the active ingredients listed below [*Optional text*; or one or more of the products listed]. Ensure that the product used is labeled for use with the crop being grown. It is the responsibility of the pesticide user to ensure that the intended use is included on the label of all products added to a tank mixture. Read and follow label directions for all products added to the mix and use in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions.

[*Active ingredients and tank-mix products added to the final printed labeling may be selected from the following lists*]

For Additional Grass Control

Active Ingredients

- clodinafop-propargyl
- fenoxaprop-p-methyl
- florasulam
- fluroxypyr
- flucarbazone-sodium
- imazamox
- mesosulfuron-methyl
- pinoxaden
- propoxyxarbozone-sodium
- pyroxsulam
- sulfosulfuron
- thiencazabone-methyl
- tribenuron-methyl

Tank-Mix Products

- **Axial® Bold Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 100-1632; *pinoxaden; fenoxaprop-p-ethyl*)
- **Axial® XL Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 100-1256; *pinoxaden*)
- **Beyond® Clearfield Production System Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 241-441; *imazamox*)
- **Discover® NG Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 100-817; *clodinafop-propargyl*)
- **Everest® 3.0 Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 66330-429; *flucarbazone-sodium*)
- **GoldSky® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-582; *florasulam; fluroxypyr; pyroxsulam*)
- **Luxxur A Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-1204; *tribenuron-nethyl*)
- **Luxxur B Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-1062; *thiencazabone-methyl*)
- **Olympus® 70% Water Dispersible Granular Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-809; *propoxyxarbozone-sodium*)
- **OpenSky® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719; *fluroxypyr; pyroxsulam*)
- **Osprey® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-802; *mesosulfuron-methyl*)
- **Osprey® Xtra Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-1195; *mesosulfuron-methy; thiencazabone-methyl*)
- **Outrider® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 59639-223; *sulfosulfuron*)

- **Parity Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-666-55467; *fenoxaprop-p-ethyl*)
- **PerfectMatch® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-685; *clopyralid; fluroxypyr; pyroxsulam*)
- **Powerflex® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-643; *pyroxsulam*)
- **Rimfire® Max Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-1099; *propoxyarbozone-sodium; mesosulfuron-methyl*)
- **Tacoma® 1EC Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-666-1381; *fenoxaprop-p-ethyl*)
- **Varro® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-1062; *thiencarbazone-methyl*)

For Additional Broadleaf Control

Active Ingredients

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| • 2,4-D | • clopyralid | • prosulfuron |
| • dicamba | • florasulam | • thifensulfuron-methyl |
| • carfentrazone-ethyl | • metsulfuron-methyl | • tribenuron-methyl |
| • chlorsulfuron | • MCPA | |

Tank-Mix Products

- **Aim® EC Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 279-3241; *carfentrazone-ethyl*)
- **Curtail® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-48; *clopyralid; 2,4-D*)
- **Curtail® M Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-86; *clopyralid; MCPA, ethylhexyl ester*)
- **DuPont™ Affinity® BroadSpec Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 352-661; *thifensulfuron-methyl; tribenuron-methyl*)
- **DuPont™ Affinity® TankMix Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 352-641; *thifensulfuron-methyl; tribenuron-methyl*)
- **DuPont™ Ally® Extra SG Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 352-715; *thifensulfuron methyl; tribenuron-methyl; metsulfuron-methyl*)
- **DuPont™ Ally® XP Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 352-435; *metsulfuron-methyl*)
- **DuPont™ Express® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 352-632; *tribenuron-methyl*)
- **DuPont™ Finesse® Cereal and Fallow Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 352-827; *chlorsulfuron; metsulfuron-methyl*)
- **Orion® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 100-1307; *florasulam; MCPA*)
- **Peak® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 100-763; *prosulfuron*)

RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply to crops undersown with legume species.
- Make no more than one in-crop application per year.

- DO NOT apply more than 18 fluid ounces (0.20 pounds bromoxynil) of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre per growing season.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze or harvest treated forage within 25 days after application.
- DO NOT harvest grain and straw within 60 days after application.
- DO NOT use treated plant material or manure from animals that have grazed or consumed forage from areas treated with this product for compost, mulch, or mushroom spawn for 30 days after application.
- Animals that have been fed forage or grazed pastures treated with this product must be fed forage that has not been treated with this product or other herbicides containing the active ingredient fluroxypyr for at least 3 days before they may be moved off the treated property.

WEEDS CONTROLLED AND SUPPRESSED

Weeds Controlled in Spring Sown Crops

Postemergence application of Huskie FX Herbicide will control the following broadleaf weeds in spring planted cereals. Optimum weed control is achieved at the size indicated for each weed species listed. Treat heavy infestations before they become competitive with the crop. Thorough coverage of target weeds is necessary to obtain good weed control.

Weeds Controlled	Scientific name	Weed Size
Bedstraw, catchweed / cleavers	<i>Galium aparine</i>	1 - 4 whorls
Bittercress, small-flowered	<i>Cardamine parviflora</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Buckwheat, wild	<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Catchfly, nightflowering	<i>Silene noctiflora</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Chickweed, common*	<i>Stellaria media</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Cocklebur, common	<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Cockle, white	<i>Melandrium noctiflorum</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Cowcockle	<i>Vaccaria pyramidata</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Dandelion	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	3 inch rosette
Fiddleneck, coast	<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Fiddleneck, tarweed	<i>Amsinckia lycopsoides</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Field pennycress	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	1 - 8 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Flixweed	<i>Descurainia sophia</i>	4 inch diameter
Gromwell, corn	<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Hawksbeard, narrowleaf	<i>Crepis tectorum</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Hempnettle, common	<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Henbit	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Horseweed / Marestail*	<i>Conyza canadensis</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Kochia*	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>	1 - 4 inch
Lambsquarters, common	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	1 - 6 leaf
London rocket	<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Mallow, common	<i>Malva neglecta</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Marshelder	<i>Iva xanthifolia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Mayweed chamomile / dogfennel*	<i>Anthemis cotula</i>	2 inch
Mustard, birdsrape / wild turnip	<i>Brassica rapa</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, black	<i>Brassica nigra</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, blue	<i>Chorispora tenella</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, tumble / Jim Hill mustard	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, wild	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Nightshade, cutleaf	<i>Solanum triflorum</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Nightshade, Eastern black	<i>Solanum ptycanthum</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Nightshade, hairy	<i>Solanum sarrachoides</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Palmer pigweed / Palmer amaranth	<i>Amaranthus palmeri</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pennsylvania smartweed	<i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pigweed, prostrate	<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pigweed, redroot	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	1 - 6 leaf

Weeds Controlled	Scientific name	Weed Size
Prickly lettuce / China Lettuce	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>	4 inch diameter
Radish, wild	<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	1- 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Ragweed, common	<i>Ambrosia elatior</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Ragweed, giant	<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Russian thistle*	<i>Salsola kali</i>	2 inch
Shepherd's-purse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	1- 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Smartweed, pale	<i>Polygonum lapathifolium</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Sowthistle*, annual	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sowthistle*, perennial	<i>Sonchus arvensis</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sowthistle*, spiny	<i>Sonchus asper</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sunflower*, annual	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Tansymustard	<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>	4 inch diameter
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Volunteer Canola	<i>Brassica napus</i>	1- 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Volunteer soybean	<i>Glycine max</i>	1 - 4 trifoliates
Wallflower, bushy	<i>Erysimum repandum</i>	4 inch rosette
Waterhemp, tall	<i>Amaranthus tuberculatos</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Western salsify	<i>Tragopogon dubius</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Wormood, biennial (seedling)	<i>Artemisia biennis</i>	2 inch

* Includes Group 2, 4, and/or 9 resistant biotypes

Weeds Suppressed in Spring Sown Crops

The weeds listed below will be stunted in growth and/or reduced in number compared to non-treated areas. Overall performance for control may not be commercially acceptable. The degree of weed control will vary with weed size, density, coverage and growing conditions. Best results are obtained when Huskie FX Herbicide is applied before these weeds reach 4 inches in height and are actively growing.

Weeds Suppressed	Scientific name
Bindweed, field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
Canada thistle	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Catchfly, cone	<i>Silene conoidea</i>
Catchfly, conical	<i>Silene colorata</i>
Chamomile, false	<i>Matricaria maritima</i>
Dandelion (established)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
Dock, curly	<i>Rumex crispus</i>
Jerusalem artichoke	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>
Knotweed, prostrate	<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>
Lanceleaf sage	<i>Salvia reflexa</i>
Pepperweed, Virginia	<i>Lepidium virginicum</i>
Pineappleweed	<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>
Redstem filaree / Storksbill	<i>Erodium cirutarium</i>
Swinecress	<i>Coronopus sp.</i>
Volunteer chickpeas	<i>Cicer arietinum</i>
Volunteer flax	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>
Volunteer Lentils	<i>Lens culinaris</i>
Volunteer peas	<i>Pisum sativum</i>
Wormwood, absinth	<i>Artemisia absinthium</i>

Weeds Controlled in Winter Sown Crops

Postemergence application of Huskie FX Herbicide will control the following broadleaf weeds in winter wheat and winter barley. Optimum weed control is achieved at the size or stage of growth for each weed species listed. Treat heavy infestations before they become competitive with the crop.

Huskie FX Herbicide applied in a tank mixture with other herbicides provides good performance when applied with water carrier. When Huskie FX Herbicide is applied alone or under challenging conditions, spray additives such as ammonium sulfate or a urea ammonium nitrogen fertilizer will improve performance.

Weeds Controlled	Scientific name	Weed Size
Bittercress, small-flowered	<i>Cardamine parviflora</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Buckwheat, wild	<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>	1- 6 leaf
Cocklebur, common	<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Cockle, white	<i>Melandrium noctiflorum</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Cowcockle	<i>Vaccaria pyramidata</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Dandelion (seedling)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	3 inch rosette
Fiddleneck, coast	<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Fiddleneck, tarweed	<i>Amsinckia lycopsoides</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Field pennycress	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	1 - 8 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Flixweed	<i>Descurainia sophia</i>	4 inch diameter
Fumitory, common	<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Gromwell, corn	<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Hawksbeard, narrowleaf	<i>Crepis tectorum</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Hempnettle, common	<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Kochia*	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Jacob's ladder	<i>Polemonium coeruleum</i>	1- 6 leaf
Lambsquarters, common	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	1 - 6 leaf
London rocket	<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Marshelder	<i>Iva xanthifolia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Mustard, birdsrape / wild turnip	<i>Brassica rapa</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, black	<i>Brassica nigra</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, blue	<i>Chorispora tenella</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, tumble / Jim Hill mustard	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, wild	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Nightshade, Eastern black	<i>Solanum ptycanthum</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Nightshade, hairy	<i>Solanum sarrachoides</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Palmer pigweed / Palmer amaranth	<i>Amaranthus palmeri</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pennsylvania smartweed	<i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pigweed, prostrate	<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pigweed, redroot	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Prickly lettuce / China Lettuce	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>	4 inch diameter
Radish, wild	<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	1- 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Ragweed, common	<i>Ambrosia elatior</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Ragweed, giant	<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Russian thistle*	<i>Salsola kali</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Shepherd's-purse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	1- 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Smartweed, pale	<i>Polygonum lapathifolium</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Sowthistle, annual	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sowthistle*, perennial	<i>Sonchus arvensis</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sowthistle*, spiny	<i>Sonchus asper</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sunflower*, annual	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Tansymustard	<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>	4 inch diameter
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Volunteer Canola	<i>Brassica napus</i>	1- 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Volunteer soybean	<i>Glycine max</i>	1 - 4 trifoliates
Wallflower, bushy	<i>Erysimum repandum</i>	4 inch rosette
Waterhemp, tall	<i>Amaranthus tuberculatos</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Wormwood, biennial (seedling)	<i>Artemisia biennis</i>	2 inch

* Includes Group 2, 4, and/or 9 resistant biotypes.

Weeds Suppressed in Winter Sown Crops

The weeds listed below will be stunted in growth and/or reduced in number compared to non-treated areas. Overall performance for control may not be commercially acceptable. The degree of weed control will vary with weed size, density, coverage and growing conditions. Best results are obtained when Huskie FX Herbicide is applied before these weeds reach 4 inches in height and are actively growing.

Weeds Suppressed	Scientific name
Bedstraw, catchweed /cleavers	<i>Galium aparine</i>
Bindweed, field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
Canada thistle	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Catchfly, cone	<i>Silene conoidea</i>
Catchfly, conical	<i>Silene colorata</i>
Catchfly, nightflowering	<i>Silene noctiflora</i>
Chamomile, false	<i>Matricaria maritima</i>
Chickweed, common*	<i>Stellaria media</i>
Dandelion (established)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
Dock, curly	<i>Rumex crispus</i>
Henbit	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>
Horseweed / Marestalk*	<i>Conyza canadensis</i>
Jerusalem artichoke	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>
Knotweed, prostrate	<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>
Lanceleaf sage	<i>Salvia reflexa</i>
Mayweed chamomile / dogfennel*	<i>Anthemis cotula</i>
Mallow, common	<i>Malva neglecta</i>
Nightshade, cutleaf	<i>Solanum triflorum</i>
Pepperweed, Virginia	<i>Lepidium virginicum</i>
Pineappleweed	<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>
Redstem filaree / Storksbill	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>
Swinecress	<i>Coronopus sp.</i>
Vetch, hairy	<i>Vicia villosa</i>
Volunteer chickpeas	<i>Cicer arietinum</i>
Volunteer flax	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>
Volunteer lentils	<i>Lens culinaris</i>
Volunteer peas	<i>Pisum sativum</i>
Western salsify	<i>Tragopogon dubius</i>
Wormwood, absinth	<i>Artemisia absinthium</i>

¹ Includes Group 2, 4, and/or 9 resistant biotypes.

ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED AND HAY, AND CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM ACRES (CRP)

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Huskie FX Herbicide may be applied for the management of broadleaf weeds from the 2 leaf stage of established perennial ryegrass, annual ryegrass, tall fescue, fine fescue, Kentucky bluegrass and orchardgrass, and in established timothy, grown for seed and hay, and on Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres.

DO NOT use this product on grasses grown for sod production.

Apply 16 to 18 fluid ounces of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre in 10 or more gallons of spray solution per acre using ground application equipment only. Under conditions where large weeds or dense weed populations exist, or where grasses are growing under adverse environmental conditions, make application in 15 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre for best weed control.

For control of corn gromwell, kochia, and Russian thistle, apply 18 fluid ounces of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre; expect only partial control if applied at a lower rate.

Two applications of Huskie FX Herbicide may be made per year on the annual and perennial grasses grown for seed and hay listed in this section, and on CRP acres, with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

Do not apply this product during boot, flowering, or seed development stage of growth if the grass crop is to be harvested for seed.

Huskie FX Herbicide may be applied in fallow cropping systems to control broadleaf weeds. To expand the spectrum of weed control of this product in fallow cropland, apply in a tank-mix with glyphosate or glufosinate. For best results when applying this product on fallow cropland in a tank-mix with glyphosate, add ammonium sulfate to the spray solution. Adding a nonionic surfactant, liquid nitrogen fertilizer or ammonium sulfate to the spray mix could improve control of weeds growing under stress. See the PRODUCT MIXING section of this label for more information on the use of additives with this product.

Applying Huskie FX Herbicide as a tank-mix with other pesticide products or with other additives in the spray tank can increase the risk of a crop response. If grass crop injury is a concern, do not apply this product as a tank-mix with other pesticide products or include additives such as ammonium sulfate or urea ammonium nitrogen in the spray solution.

See the APPLICATION METHODS AND TECHNIQUES and PRODUCT MIXING sections of this label for more information.

TANK MIXTURES

Huskie FX Herbicide may be tank-mixed with products containing one or more of the active ingredients listed below [*Optional text*; or one or more of the products listed]. Ensure that the product used is labeled for use with the crop being grown. It is the responsibility of the pesticide user to ensure that the intended use is included on the label of all products added to a tank mixture. Read and follow label directions for all products added to the mix and use in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions.

Applying Huskie FX Herbicide as a tank-mix with other pesticide products or with other additives in the spray tank can increase the risk of a crop response. If grass crop injury is a concern, do not apply this product as a tank-mix with other pesticide products or include additives such as ammonium sulfate or urea ammonium nitrogen fertilizer in the spray solution.

Compatibility of Huskie FX Herbicide with other pesticide products should always be predetermined before mixing large quantities of spray solution. See the PRODUCT MIXING section of this label for more information on preparing tank mixtures and using spray additives with this product.

[*Active ingredients and tank-mix products added to the final printed labeling may be selected from the following lists*]

Active Ingredients

- 2,4-D
- carfentrazone-ethyl
- clopyralid
- dicamba
- ethofumesate
- fenoxaprop-p-methyl
- glufosinate
- glyphosate
- MCPA
- metribuzen
- oxyfluorfen

Tank-Mix Products

- **Aim® EC Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 279-3241; *carfentrazone-ethyl*)
- **Curtail® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-48; *clopyralid, MEA salt; 2,4-D, triisopropylamine salt*)
- **Curtail® M Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-86; *clopyralid; MCPA, ethylhexyl ester*)
- **Goal® 2XL Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 62719-424; *oxyfluorfen*)
- **Honcho® K6 Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 524-539; *glyphosate-potassium salt*)
- **Nortron® SC Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-613; *ethofumesate*)
- **Parity Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-666-55467; *fenoxaprop-p-ethyl*)

- **Rely® 280 Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 7969-448; *glufosinate-ammonium*)
- **Roundup PowerMax® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 524-549; *glyphosate-potassium salt*)
- **Roundup PowerMAX® 3 Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 524-659; *glyphosate-potassium salt*)
- **RT3 Powered by Roundup Technology® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 524-544; *glyphosate-potassium salt*)
- **Tacoma® 1EC Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 264-666-1381; *fenoxaprop-p-ethyl*)

RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 36 fluid ounces (0.41 pounds bromoxynil) of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre per year.
- DO NOT make more than two applications of Huskie FX Herbicide per year. Applications must be separated by at least 30 days.
- DO NOT use Huskie FX Herbicide on grasses grown for sod production.
- DO NOT graze grass forage for 7 days following application of Huskie FX Herbicide.
- DO NOT harvest grass for hay or silage from treated areas within 30 days of application.
- DO NOT graze or harvest hay from CRP lands treated with Huskie FX Herbicide.
- DO NOT use treated plant material or manure from animals that have grazed or consumed forage from areas treated with this product for compost, mulch, or mushroom spawn for 30 days after application.
- Animals that have been fed forage or grazed pastures treated with this product must be fed forage that has not been treated with this product or other herbicides containing the active ingredient fluroxypyr for at least 3 days before they may be moved off the treated property.
- Meat animals must be withdrawn from eating treated for at least 2 days before slaughter.

WEEDS CONTROLLED AND SUPPRESSED

Weeds Controlled

Apply Huskie FX Herbicide as directed to control these broadleaf weeds in perennial grasses grown for seed, hay, or forage, and on CRP and fallow acres.

Weeds Controlled	Scientific name	Weed Size
Bittercress, small-flowered	<i>Cardamine parviflora</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Buckwheat, wild	<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>	1- 6 leaf
Catchfly, nightflowering	<i>Silene noctiflora</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Cocklebur, common	<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Cockle, white	<i>Melandrium noctiflorum</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Cowcockle	<i>Vaccaria pyramidata</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Dandelion (seedling)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	3 inch rosette
Fiddleneck, coast	<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Fiddleneck, tarweed	<i>Amsinckia lycopsoides</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Field pennycress	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	1 - 8 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Flixweed	<i>Descurainia sophia</i>	4 inch diameter
Gromwell, corn	<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Groundsel, common	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Hempnettle, common	<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Kochia*	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Jacob' s ladder	<i>Polemonium coeruleum</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Lambsquarters, common	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	1 - 6 leaf

Weeds Controlled	Scientific name	Weed Size
London rocket	<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Marshelder	<i>Iva xanthifolia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Mustard, birdsrape / wild turnip	<i>Brassica rapa</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, black	<i>Brassica nigra</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, blue	<i>Chorispora tenella</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, tumble / Jim Hill mustard	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Mustard, wild	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Nightshade, Eastern black	<i>Solanum ptycanthum</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Nightshade, hairy	<i>Solanum sarrachoides</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Palmer pigweed / Palmer amaranth	<i>Amaranthus palmeri</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pennsylvania smartweed	<i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pigweed, prostrate	<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pigweed, redroot	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Pigweed, tumble	<i>Amaranthus albus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Prickly lettuce / China Lettuce	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>	4 inch diameter
Radish, wild	<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Ragweed, common	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Ragweed, giant	<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Russian thistle*	<i>Salsola kali</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Shepherd's-purse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Smartweed, pale	<i>Polygonum lapathifolium</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Sowthistle*, annual	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sowthistle*, perennial	<i>Sonchus arvensis</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sowthistle*, spiny	<i>Sonchus asper</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Sunflower*, annual	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Tansymustard	<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>	4 inch diameter
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>	1 - 4 leaf
Volunteer canola	<i>Brassica napus</i>	1 - 6 leaf or 4 inch diameter
Volunteer soybean	<i>Glycine max</i>	1 - 4 trifoliates
Wallflower, bushy	<i>Erysimum repandum</i>	4 inch rosette
Waterhemp, tall	<i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i>	1 - 6 leaf
Wormood, biennial (seedling)	<i>Artemisia biennis</i>	2 inch

* Includes Group 2, 4, and/or 9 resistant biotypes.

Weeds Suppressed

The weeds listed below will be stunted in growth and/or reduced in number compared to non-treated areas. Overall performance for control may not be commercially acceptable. The degree of weed control will vary with weed size, density, coverage and growing conditions. Best results are obtained when Huskie FX Herbicide is applied before these weeds reach 4 inches in height and are actively growing.

Weeds Suppressed	Scientific Name
Bedstraw, catchweed / cleavers	<i>Galium aparine</i>
Bindweed, field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
Canada thistle	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Catchfly, cone	<i>Silene conoidea</i>
Catchfly, conical	<i>Silene colorata</i>
Catchfly, nightflowering	<i>Silene noctiflora</i>
Chamomile, false	<i>Matricaria maritima</i>
Chickweed, common	<i>Stellaria media</i>
Dandelion (established)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
Dock, curly	<i>Rumex crispus</i>
Henbit	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>

Weeds Suppressed	Scientific Name
Horseweed / Marestalk	<i>Conyza canadensis</i>
Jerusalem artichoke	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>
Knotweed, prostrate	<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>
Lanceleaf sage	<i>Salvia reflexa</i>
Mayweed chamomile / dogfennel	<i>Anthemis cotula</i>
Mallow, common	<i>Malva neglecta</i>
Nightshade, cutleaf	<i>Solanum triflorum</i>
Pepperweed, Virginia	<i>Lepidium virginicum</i>
Sharppoint fluvellin	<i>Kickxia elatine</i>
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>

GRAIN SORGHUM

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Best weed control in grain sorghum is achieved with an integrated weed management approach of crop rotation, herbicides and tillage. Weeds should be controlled prior to planting.

Huskie FX Herbicide is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of critical broadleaf weeds in grain and forage sorghum, such as tall waterhemp, palmer amaranth, and redroot pigweed. Apply 15 to 19 fluid ounces of Huskie FX Herbicide in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray volume per acre to actively growing grain or forage sorghum between the 3-leaf growth stage up to 30 inches or prior to flag leaf emergence, whichever comes first, using ground application equipment only. In denser canopies or when larger weeds are present, increase the spray volume to 15 gallons per acre to ensure thorough spray coverage on target weeds.

Make no more than 2 applications of Huskie FX Herbicide per year with a minimum of 11 days between applications.

Transitory leaf burn will occur following application of Huskie FX Herbicide in grain sorghum. Stunting and yellowing can also occur. These early symptoms generally dissipate within 21 days and do not affect yield. Crop response will be greater in small grain sorghum that is stressed by unfavorable growing conditions, such as high temperatures and humidity. Do not apply Huskie FX Herbicide if transient early season crop injury is not acceptable.

Different sorghum varieties may differ in their tolerance to postemergence herbicides. If a sorghum variety or hybrid has not been tested (especially newly released varieties), treat only a small area until tolerance is confirmed before treating large acreages. Sensitivity of sweet sorghum (sorgo), sudangrass, sorghum-sudangrass hybrids, or dual-purpose sorghum varieties to Huskie FX Herbicide is not known and the use of Huskie FX Herbicide on these sorghum types is not recommended.

For optimum weed control when Huskie FX Herbicide is applied under challenging growing conditions, apply this product in a spray solution with one pound of ammonium sulfate per acre. Huskie FX Herbicide can also be combined with 0.25% by volume (1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution) of a nonionic surfactant or 0.5% by volume (2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) of a high surfactant oil concentrate (HSOC) to increase performance.

Unacceptable crop response can occur when Huskie FX Herbicide is applied to acreage that has been previously treated with any product containing mesotrione.

See the APPLICATION METHODS AND TECHNIQUES and PRODUCT MIXING sections of this label for more information.

TANK MIXTURES

Huskie FX Herbicide may be tank-mixed with products containing one or more of the active ingredients listed below [*Optional text*; or one or more of the products listed]. Ensure that the product used is labeled for use with the crop being grown. It is the responsibility of the pesticide user to ensure that the intended use is included on the label of all products added to a tank mixture. Read and follow label directions for all products added to the mix and use in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions.

Huskie FX Herbicide is a broadleaf herbicide and will not control key grass weeds in grain and forage sorghum. A tank-mix of Huskie FX Herbicide with 0.25 to 1.0 pound atrazine per acre will strengthen and expand weed control. Refer to the specific atrazine product label for use directions, maximum application rates, restrictions and a list of weeds controlled for your area and soil type.

Consult your local Bayer CropScience Representative or certified crop advisor for additional information.

Compatibility of Huskie FX Herbicide with other pesticide products should always be predetermined before mixing large quantities of spray solution. See the PRODUCT MIXING section of this label for more information on preparing tank mixtures and using other spray additives with this product.

[Active ingredients and tank-mix products added to the final printed labeling may be selected from the following lists]

Active Ingredients

- 2,4-D
- acetochlor
- atrazine
- dicamba
- dimethenamid-P
- S-metolachlor

Tank-Mix Products

- **Bicep II Magnum® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 100-817; *S-metolachlor; atrazine*)
- **Dual II Magnum® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 100-818, *S-metolachlor*)
- **Guardman Max® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 7969-192; *dimethenamid-P; atrazine*)
- **Outlook® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 7969-156; *dimethenamid-P*)
- **Warrant® Herbicide**
(EPA Reg. No. 524-591; *acetochlor*)

RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 19 fluid ounces of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre per application.
- DO NOT apply more than 38 fluid ounces (0.43 pounds bromoxynil) of Huskie FX Herbicide per acre per year.
- DO NOT make more than two applications of Huskie FX Herbicide per year. Applications must be separated by at least 11 days.
- DO NOT apply Huskie FX Herbicide in a tank mixture with insecticides containing chlorpyrifos.
- DO NOT apply through any type of irrigation system.
- DO NOT allow livestock to graze or harvest forage within 40 days of a Huskie FX Herbicide application.
- DO NOT harvest for grain or stover within 70 days of a Huskie FX Herbicide application.
- DO NOT use treated plant material or manure from animals that have grazed or consumed forage from areas treated with this product for compost, mulch, or mushroom spawn for 30 days after application.
- Animals that have been fed forage or grazed pastures treated with this product must be fed forage that has not been treated with this product or other herbicides containing the active ingredient fluroxypyr for at least 3 days before they may be moved off the treated property.

WEEDS CONTROLLED AND SUPPRESSED

When Huskie FX Herbicide is applied under challenging conditions, the addition of one pound of ammonium sulfate per acre is recommended to optimize herbicidal activity.

For optimal weed control in grain sorghum in arid environments, Huskie FX Herbicide plus one pound of ammonium sulfate per acre can also be combined with 0.25% by volume (1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution) of a nonionic surfactant or 0.5% by volume (2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) of a high surfactant oil concentrate (HSOC).

See the PRODUCT MIXING section of this label for more information on preparing spray mixtures of this product.

Weeds Controlled

The following weeds will be controlled with Huskie FX Herbicide in a tank-mix with atrazine when applied when target weeds up to 4 inches in height.

Weeds Controlled	Scientific name
Buckwheat, wild	<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>
Buffalobur	<i>Solanum cornutum</i>
Burcucumber	<i>Sicyos angulatus</i>
Carpetweed	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>
Cocklebur, common	<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>
Dandelion (seedling)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
Devil's-claw	<i>Proboscidea louisianica</i>
Field pennycress	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>
Flixweed	<i>Descurainia sophia</i>
Hemp sesbania	<i>Sesbania exaltata</i>
Henbit	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>
Horse purslane	<i>Trianthema portulacastrum</i>
Horseweed / Maretail*	<i>Conyza canadensis</i>
Kochia*	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>
Lambsquarters, common	<i>Chenopodium album</i>
Mallow, Venice	<i>Hibiscus trionum</i>
Morningglory, ivyleaf	<i>Ipomoea hederacea</i>
Morningglory, pitted	<i>Ipomoea lacunosa</i>
Morningglory, tall	<i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>
Mustard, birdsrape / wild turnip	<i>Brassica rapa</i>
Mustard, black	<i>Brassica nigra</i>
Mustard, blue	<i>Chorispora tenella</i>
Mustard, tumble / Jim Hill mustard	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>
Mustard, wild	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>
Nightshade, Eastern black	<i>Solanum ptycanthum</i>
Nightshade, hairy	<i>Solanum sarrachoides</i>
Palmer pigweed / Palmer amaranth	<i>Amaranthus palmeri</i>
Pigweed, prostrate	<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i>
Pigweed, redroot	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>
Pigweed, tumble	<i>Amaranthus albus</i>
Waterhemp, common	<i>Amaranthus rudis</i>
Waterhemp, tall	<i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i>
Pennsylvania smartweed	<i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>
Prickly lettuce	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>
Ragweed, common	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>
Ragweed, giant	<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>
Russian thistle*	<i>Salsola kali</i>
Shepherd's-purse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>
Smell mellon	<i>Cucumis melo</i>
Sunflower*, annual	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>
Tansymustard	<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Volunteer canola	<i>Brassica napus</i>
Volunteer cotton	<i>Gossypium hirsutum</i>
Volunteer soybean	<i>Glycine max</i>
Wallflower, bushy	<i>Erysimum repandum</i>
Western salsify	<i>Tragopogon dubius</i>

* Includes Group 2, 4, and/or 9 resistant biotypes

Weeds Suppressed

The weeds listed below will be stunted in growth and/or reduced in number compared to non-treated areas. Overall performance for control may not be commercially acceptable. The degree of weed control will vary with weed size, density,

coverage and growing conditions. Best results are obtained when Huskie FX Herbicide is applied before these weeds reach 4 inches in height and are actively growing.

Weeds Suppressed	Scientific name
Bindweed, field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
Canada thistle	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Catchfly, cone	<i>Silene conoidea</i>
Catchfly, conical	<i>Silene colorata</i>
Chamomile, false	<i>Matricaria maritima</i>
Dandelion (established)	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
Dock, curly	<i>Rumex crispus</i>
Jerusalem artichoke	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>
Knotweed, prostrate	<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>
Lanceleaf sage	<i>Salvia reflexa</i>
Pepperweed, Virginia	<i>Lepidium virginicum</i>
Pineappleweed	<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>
Redstem filaree / Storksbill	<i>Erodium cirutarium</i>
Swinecress	<i>Coronopus sp.</i>
Volunteer flax	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>
Volunteer lentils	<i>Lens culinaris</i>
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>
Wormwood, absinth	<i>Artemesia absinthium</i>

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Proper pesticide storage and disposal are essential to protect against exposure to people and the environment due to leaks and spills, excess product or waste, and vandalism. Do not allow this product to contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store pesticides away from food, pet food, feed, seed, fertilizers, and veterinary supplies. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container, including rinsate, by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program. Such programs are often run by state or local governments or by industry. All disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations and procedures

CONTAINER HANDLING AND DISPOSAL:

[Container Handling and Disposal for Nonrefillable Containers]

Nonrefillable container.

For nonrefillable containers of 5-gallon capacity or less

Do not reuse the container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse (or equivalent) the container promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix-tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix-tank while rinsing, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For nonrefillable containers of greater than 5-gallon capacity

Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse (or equivalent) the container promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse large nonrefillable containers NOT equipped with pumping systems as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix-tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip the container on its side and roll it back and forth for 30 seconds, ensuring at least one complete revolution. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or mix-tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Triple rinse large nonrefillable containers equipped with pumping systems as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix-tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse large containers as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix-tank. Place container so that it can drain directly into application equipment or mix-tank while rinsing, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle through the opening of the container or directly into the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds or until rinsate runs clear. Continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Once the nonrefillable container is properly rinsed, offer for recycling, if available. Some container manufacturers offer container recycling. See additional information regarding manufacturer recycling programs attached to the container, if available. If no recycling information is available on the container, contact your chemical dealer or Bayer CropScience at 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937), or contact the Ag Container Recycling council (ACRC) at 1-877-952-2272 or at www.acrecycle.org, to find the nearest recycling location. If recycling is not available, dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations and procedures, which may include puncturing the properly rinsed container and disposing in a sanitary landfill.

[Container Handling and Disposal for Refillable Containers]

Refillable container. Refill the container with pesticide only. Do not reuse the container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse (or equivalent) the container promptly after emptying and before final disposal.

To triple rinse the refillable container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the container into application equipment or mix-tank. Fill the container at least 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times.

To pressure rinse the refillable container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the container into application equipment or mix-tank. Position the container so that it can drain directly into application equipment or mix-tank while rinsing, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle through the opening of the container or directly into the side of the container and rinse all interior area at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds or until rinsate drains clear.

Once the refillable container is properly rinsed, offer for recycling, if available. Some container manufacturers offer container recycling. See additional information regarding manufacturer recycling programs attached to the container, if available. If no recycling information is available on the container, contact your chemical dealer or Bayer CropScience at 1-866-99BAYER (1-866-992-2937), or contact the Ag Container Recycling council (ACRC) at 1-877-952-2272 or at www.acrecycle.org, to find the nearest recycling location. If recycling is not available, dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations and procedures, which may include puncturing the properly rinsed container and disposing in a sanitary landfill.

[Optional additional container disposal statement: IBC EMPTY? – FREE CALL – 1-888-SCHUETZ (1- 888-724-8389) www.schuetz.net/ticket; Schuetz ticket service]

[Optional additional container disposal statement: FREE IBC PICKUP] [For continental USA and Canada only.]

[Optional additional container disposal statement: RETURNnet SYSTEM – To return empty IBC's Email or Call – www.returnnetsystem.com – 1-888-758-SHIP – United States and Canada (1-888-758-7447 – IBCNA – Clarkston, Michigan – USA]

[Optional additional container label statements for the CUBE refillable packaging system only:

CUBE Bayer CropScience Refillable Delivery System

FEATURES INCLUDE:

- Automatic Venting
 - Heavy duty one-way 2-inch camloc ball valve with protective shield door
 - Complete coated steel protective enclosure
 - Durable 4-way plastic pallet
- Lift door to access one-way valve]

[For Transport Vehicle labels only, as defined at 40 CFR § 156.3]

FOR BULK PESTICIDE TRANSPORT ONLY.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Proper pesticide storage and disposal are essential to protect against exposure to people and the environment due to leaks and spills, excess product or waste, and vandalism. Do not allow this product to contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store pesticides away from food, pet food, feed, seed, fertilizers, and veterinary supplies. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid waste, empty as much product from this transport vehicle as possible for repackaging or use in accordance with label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product or rinsate to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program. All disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations and procedures.

CONTAINER HANDLING AND DISPOSAL: Emptied transport vehicle container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all precautions stated on this label until the container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, and worn-out threads and closures. Clean thoroughly before reuse for transportation of a material of different composition or before retiring this transport vehicle container from service.

THIS LABEL FOR USE WITH TRANSPORT VEHICLES ONLY

[Note to EPA: Lot Number will appear on container or label of every product.]

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

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HUSKIE FX (PENDING) 11/15/2021, 1/13/2022, 05/12/2022, 05/24/2022